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Slushy maker recipes

If you're looking for easy ways to make your favorite frozen drinks, I've got you covered! When I first tried the Ninja SLUSH Professional Frozen Drink Maker, I was blown away by its RapidChill Technology, which keeps liquids evenly frozen and flavorful. This device is super easy to use - just select from six preset programs and you can create everything from slushies to milkshakes in 15 minutes or less! Plus, it has a large capacity of 64 ounces, so you can make enough for a party or just a few servings. Here's how to get started:
1. Clean and prepare the machine by ensuring all parts are clean and the motor base is level on a flat surface.
2. Install the condensation catch and auger according to the manufacturer's instructions.
3. Prepare the vessel by sliding it over the installed auger and evaporator, then locking it into place.
4. Insert the drip tray and plug in the unit.
5. Add your ingredients through the easy-fill port and select your desired preset.
6. Adjust the temperature for the perfect texture and dispense your slushie into a cup.
Now, let's make some delicious frozen treats!
The Classic Strawberry Slushie is a timeless favorite that's easy to make with fresh strawberries, sugar, and ice. Simply add the ingredients to the machine, select the default preset for slushies, and adjust the texture if needed. Let it do its magic for 3 minutes or until you reach your desired consistency.
For a tropical twist, try the Pineapple Coconut Slushie! This refreshing drink combines pineapple chunks with coconut milk and honey for a sweet and creamy treat. Just add the ingredients to the machine and follow the same steps as before. Enjoy!
Enture Ninja Slushi machine cleanliness before use. Combine pineapple chunks, coconut milk, and honey into easy-fill port, then close lid and select slushie preset. Adjust texture as needed for smooth consistency. Blend ingredients to desired texture, then dispense into cup by pulling handle. This Watermelon Mint Slushie offers refreshing blend of watermelon's natural sweetness with mint's cooling effect. Combine cubed watermelon, fresh mint leaves, and sugar in easy-fill port before using Ninja Slushi machine. The Blueberry Lemonade Slushie provides delightful mix of tart lemons and sweet blueberries. Blend frozen blueberries, fresh lemon juice, water, and sugar to desired consistency, then dispense into glass. For Mango Peach Slushie, combine frozen mango chunks, frozen peach slices, and orange juice in easy-fill port before using Ninja Slushi machine. Adjust texture as needed for smooth blend. The Kiwi Lime Slushie offers tangy mix of kiwi's tartness with lime's zesty flavor. Combine peeled and chopped kiwis, lime juice, and water in easy-fill port before blending to desired consistency. To prepare Raspberry Vanilla Slushie, combine frozen raspberries, vanilla sweetener, and water in easy-fill port. Blend until smooth consistency is achieved, then dispense into cup. Given text here The Ninja Slushi machine offers a variety of flavors, each carefully crafted to provide a unique taste experience. The Cherry Cola Slushie combines the fizziness of cola with sweet cherries for a refreshing treat. Similarly, the Green Apple Slushie is tangy and sweet, perfect for those who prefer a tart flavor. The Mixed Berry Slushie is a colorful and delicious blend of strawberries, blueberries, and raspberries. Another popular option is the Orange Creamsicle Slushie, which captures the classic taste of a frozen popsicle with its orange and vanilla flavors. To make a slushie in your Ninja Slushi machine, combine vanilla ice cream or frozen yogurt with orange juice and add optional sugar or honey for sweetness. Fill the machine's easy-fill port with this mixture, followed by ice about 2-3 cups, then press start. For a Peach Green Tea Slushie, add fresh peach slices, brewed green tea, and honey to the machine. The Pineapple Jalapeño Slushie includes pineapple chunks, jalapeño peppers, coconut water, or regular water. Apple Cinnamon Slushies are made with chopped apples, cinnamon, apple juice or water, and sugar or honey. Lastly, mix coconut milk with lime juice for a refreshing Coconut Lime Slushie. The secret to a refreshing slushie lies in the blend. Start by adding your ingredients - be it tropical coconut lime or fruity and tangy pineapple strawberry - to your Ninja Slushi machine. Close the lid, press power, and adjust texture for that perfect slushy consistency. Serve immediately and enjoy! With the Ninja Slushi Machine, you can create an array of refreshing slushies, from classic fruit combinations to adventurous tropical blends. Experiment with different fruits, liquids, and flavors to craft your own signature recipes. The Icee Co. is a US-based beverage firm situated in La Vergne, Tennessee, with more than 1000 employees.[1] The company's signature product is the ICEE, a frozen carbonated drink offered in various fruit and soda flavors. Additionally, Icee produces other frozen beverages under the Slush Puppie brand. ICEE Bear, an animated polar bear, functions as the company's mascot. Founded by Omar Kneidlik, who also invented the original ICEE beverage, the firm has been a division of J & J Snack Foods since 1988 and distributes products globally.[2] The first Icee drink was created in 1958 by Omar Kneidlik when his soda machine malfunctioned at his Dairy Queen shop in Coffeyville, Kansas. As a result, he began placing bottles of soda in the freezer to keep them cold.[3] Initially marketed as a slushy version of soda, the frozen beverage gained popularity among customers. The name "Icee" was designed by local artist Ruth E. Taylor, along with the original company logo featuring icicles hanging from black letters, which has remained unchanged since its inception.[4] A staff artist at the Mitchell Company, Lonnie Williams, created the design for the Icee word with snow on it as part of a cup design. The first machine was made using a car air conditioning unit and combined freezing water, carbon dioxide, and flavor mix to create the ICEE drink.[5] After five years, Kneidlik's idea drew attention from 7-Eleven, which eventually purchased several machines and rebranded the product as Slurpee based on the sound people make when drinking it.[2] J & J Snack Foods acquired The Icee Company in 1987, and by the mid-1960s, over 300 Icee machines had been manufactured. In December 2019, the company relocated its headquarters from Ontario, California to La Vergne, Tennessee.[1] Today, The Icee Co. operates more than 75,000 Icee machines across America, serving over 300 million ICEE servings annually. Icee is a popular frozen beverage sold in various retail settings across the US and internationally. Walmart, Burger King, Sam's Club, and convenience store chains like Wawa and Quick Check offer Icee products. In Mexico, it's widely available at department stores, movie theaters, and convenience stores. Icee has partnerships with several gas stations, including Valero, and is sold at Rainforest Café locations. 7-Eleven is an American convenience store chain headquartered in Irving, Texas, owned by Seven-Eleven Japan and part of the retail holdings company Seven & I Holdings. Founded as the Southland Ice Company in 1927, it started operating ice houses in Dallas before expanding into convenience stores with the name "Tote'm Stores" from 1928 to 1946. The chain was rebranded as 7-Eleven in 1946 after adopting extended hours of operation from 7 am to 11 pm daily. Seven-Eleven began franchising its stores in 1961 and entered the Japanese market through a franchisee agreement with Ito-Yokado, which later acquired majority ownership of Southland Corporation in 1991. The company reorganized as Seven & I Holdings in 2005, with 7-Eleven Inc. wholly owned by Seven-Eleven Japan. Today, 7-Eleven operates over 85,000 stores across 20 countries and territories under its namesake brand globally. Thompson's venture into the convenience store market aimed to reduce customers' travel needs for basic items by selling products like bread and milk in stores. In 1928, he acquired the Southland Ice Company and turned it into the Southland Corporation, overseeing several locations in Dallas. The company's innovative marketing tactics included a totem pole from Alaska, which attracted attention and led to the addition of similar poles outside all stores. They later adopted an Alaska Native-inspired theme for their stores, changing the name to "Tote'm Stores" in 1928. The company began constructing filling stations at some locations as an experiment and implemented standardized service and quality across all stores through staff training. In 1931, the Great Depression affected the company but it continued operations through reorganization and receivership. Dallas banker W.W. Overton Jr. helped revive finances by selling bonds for seven cents on the dollar, bringing the company under a board of directors. In 1946, the name was changed to 7-Eleven to reflect new hours of operation (7 am to 11 pm). The company experimented with 24-hour stores in Austin and later established them in other locations. In 1971, Southland acquired convenience stores from the Pak-A-Sak chain, entering the franchise business. They signed their first area licensing agreement in 1968 and faced a rumored corporate takeover threat in the late 1980s. The Thompson family took steps to convert the company into a private model by buying out public shareholders. In December 1987, John Philip Thompson Sr. completed a \$5.2 billion management buyout of the company, which suffered from the effects of the 1987 stock market crash. The company sold various assets and hundreds of store locations between 1987 and 1990 to relieve debt incurred during this period. 7-Eleven's history is marked by significant transformations, including a major buyout that saw numerous metropolitan areas losing company-owned stores to rival convenience store operators. In October 1990, Southland Corp., heavily indebted, filed for pre-packaged Chapter 11 bankruptcy and transferred control of 70% of the company to its Japanese affiliate Ito-Yokado. This deal allowed Southland to exit bankruptcy in March 1991 with a cash infusion of \$430 million from Ito-Yokado and Seven-Eleven Japan. Over time, Southland Corp. underwent changes, including renaming itself 7-Eleven, Inc. in 1999 due to divestment of operations other than 7-Eleven. In 2005, Seven-Eleven Japan made a tender offer, and 7-Eleven, Inc. became its wholly owned subsidiary, leading to further expansion, with Seven & I Holdings announcing plans to add an extra 1,000 7-Eleven stores in the U.S. by 2007. In recent years, 7-Eleven has continued to evolve and grow. The company climbed to No. 3 in Entrepreneur magazine's Franchise 500 rankings for 2010, marking its 17th year within the top 10. In addition, 7-Eleven made a significant investment in advertising with a \$70 million campaign in 2021, directed by Harmony Korine. Moreover, Alimentation Couche-Tard's buyout offer for Seven & I Holdings was rejected in September 2024 due to its low value and regulatory risks. However, the door remains open for a "sweetened offer." Furthermore, 7-Eleven's parent company plans to spin off US store operations into a publicly traded entity by 2026. The chain offers a wide variety of products, including Slurpee drinks introduced in 1965, Big Gulp beverages from 1976, and private-brand products under the 7-Select label. 7-Eleven is renowned for its large drink sizes, often exceeding 128 ounces (3785 mL), as well as its 24-hour accessibility. 7-Eleven expands globally with new store openings and locations When Dairy Farm acquired Daily Stop, a rival convenience store chain from SCMP Retailing (HK), it led to a significant shift. The 84 shops of Daily Stop were converted into 7-Eleven stores. In 2009, a hot food counter called "7 Café" was introduced in Quarry Bay, offering traditional Hong Kong street food and milk tea. This concept later expanded to other locations under the "Daily Café" and "Hot Shot" brands. In October 2021, Reliance Retail partnered with 7-Eleven to enter the Indian market. The first 7-Eleven in India opened in Mumbai on October 9, 2021. Initially, it was open 24 hours but later reduced its operating hours. As of now, 7-Eleven has stores in Mumbai, Pune, Thane, Kalyan-Dombivli, Mira-Bhayander, and Vasai-Virar. In 2008, 7-Eleven planned to expand in Indonesia through a master franchise agreement with Modern Sevel Indonesia. However, the number of stores decreased from 190 in 2014 to 166 by September 2016. The Indonesian business was closed in 2017 due to low sales. A new contract with Electra Consumer Products was signed for hundreds of stores in Israel, but it failed and was eventually sold. Japan has the highest number of 7-Eleven locations worldwide, accounting for nearly 25% of global stores. 7-Eleven accepts foreign debit and credit cards to withdraw cash in Japanese yen.[72] Like other convenience stores in Japan, about 1,400 of their stores are equipped with solar panels and LEDs.[73] In July 2019, they launched the mobile payment service 7pay but it was hacked upon launch and attackers were able to spend money from customers' accounts.[74] On August 31, 2020, a master franchise agreement was signed between 7-Eleven and Thailand's CP Group for 30 years. The first Laotian 7-Eleven opened on September 7, 2023, in Vientiane at Souphanouvong Road.[77] In Macau, with a land area of about 33.3 square kilometers, they have 45 stores as of 2024.[78] Malaysian 7-Eleven stores are owned by 7-Eleven Malaysia Sdn. Bhd., which operates 3,225 stores nationwide. Their first store in Malaysia was opened in October 1984, in Jalan Bukit Bintang, Kuala Lumpur. In the Philippines, their first store opened on February 29, 1984, and by 2016 they had already reached 2,000 outlets. They have also partnered with GCash for a new payment option: scan-to-pay (STP) via a barcode feature in the GCash app.[82] In the Philippines, customers can use the GCash app to create unique barcodes for transactions. Due to the pandemic, PSC reduced store openings from 400 to 200 in 2020. 7-Eleven partnered with Domino's Pizza in February 2019 to operate a combo store. In the early 2000s, 7-Eleven created Open-Chan, a cartoon extraterrestrial dog mascot for Taiwan. Open-Chan quickly gained popularity among Taiwanese kids and was later introduced in Japan. The unique convenience store culture in Taiwan has become an integral part of the country's culture. 7-Eleven Taiwan also offers a MVNO called Ibon mobile with prepaid and postpaid SIM cards using the FarEasTone network. The first Thai 7-Eleven opened on June 1, 1989, on Patpong Road in Bangkok, consisting of both company-owned (45%) and franchised shops (55%). CP All Public Company Limited is the owner and franchisor in Thailand. As of 2022, CP All has a total of 13,838 stores in Thailand. In 2018, 7-Eleven generated 335,532 million baht in income for CP. To reduce plastic pollution, CP All announced plans to reduce and eventually end the use of single-use plastic bags in November 2018. However, plastic bag usage is still prevalent in many shops throughout the country. The first Middle Eastern 7-Eleven was set to open in Dubai during the summer of 2015 but shut down by the 2020s due to unknown reasons. The first store in Vietnam opened on June 15, 2017, making it the 17th country to host the world's largest convenience store chain. In urban commercial zones, 7-Eleven stores dominate. Many suburban outlets have been converted to petrol stations and are run as franchisees with centralised management. Notably, the company bought Mobil's remaining Australian service stations in 2010 and rebranded them as 7-Eleven convenience stores with fuel pumps. The franchise network expanded into Western Australia in 2014, with plans for 11 initial locations and a total of 75 outlets within five years. The first store opened in Fremantle on October 30, 2014. By January 2018, the country had 675 7-Eleven stores. A class-action lawsuit from franchisees was settled by 7-Eleven Australia for A\$98 million in April 2022 over allegations that the company misled them about its business model's profitability. In December 2023, Japan's Seven & I Holdings agreed to purchase the Australian 7-Eleven franchise for A\$1.71 billion. The acquisition was finalised in April 2024. Reports by Fairfax Media and ABC's Four Corners programme in August 2015 exposed underpayment of employees at certain 7-Eleven franchisees, with some workers earning as little as A\$10 to A\$14 per hour before tax, significantly lower than the legally required minimum award rate. Investigations found that franchisees would often create fake pay records to appear compliant while paying their staff only half of what they were owed. Following the reports, some employees claimed to have started receiving correct wages through 7-Eleven's payroll system but were later asked by their employers to repay half their wages in cash. In response, the company announced an inquiry into wage fraud instances, led by an independent panel chaired by Allan Fels and supported by Deloitte. In September 2015, chairman Russ Withers and chief executive Warren Wilmot resigned from the company, leading to changes in leadership, including the appointment of Bob Baily as interim CEO. In December 2015, a potential class action lawsuit against 7-Eleven's head office was announced by Stewart Levitt on behalf of affected franchisees. The company was found to have used false representations to lure employees into signing with 7-Eleven. This revelation came on the same day a court described Levitt Robinson's "hellish bullying" of Dr Brendan French, sparking controversy. 7-Eleven responded by offering \$25 million for back-pay claims from current and former workers. Franchisees would cover the next \$5 million, with any additional payments split between head office and franchisees. The company ultimately paid over \$173 million to employees who faced "systematic wage theft" between 2015 and 2020. Levitt Robinson was forced to retract misleading advertising statements in June 2018 due to a court ruling. He had launched a class action against 7-Eleven months prior, including the ANZ Bank, despite banks halting loans to franchisees in 2015. A settlement approved by the Federal Court in 2022 saw 7-Eleven agree to pay \$98 million to franchisees who claimed they were misled about store profitability. The company's employee-related costs were misrepresented as seven percent of total costs when it was closer to thirteen percent, making many franchisees unable to turn a profit without underpaying staff. 7-Eleven's first store in Denmark opened at Østerbro in Copenhagen on September 14, 1993. The company has an agreement with Shell for nationwide service stations and with DSB for stores at train stations. In 2022, all Danish stores were temporarily closed due to a ransomware attack. Customer data was not compromised during the incident. 7-Eleven entered Norway in 1986 and Sweden in 1984 before being acquired by Reitan Convenience in 2004. The company has over 400 stores across Scandinavia. In the 2010s, 7-Eleven withdrew from the Turkish market, transferring its stores to franchise owners. During the 1980s, the company's convenience stores were primarily located in London and South East England, with the first store opening in Sydenham, South East London in 1985. By October 1997, there were 57 stores in the UK before being sold to Budgens. Although plans were announced in 2014 and again in 2019 to re-enter the UK market, no stores have been opened as of October 2022. The first Canadian 7-Eleven store was launched in Calgary, Alberta on June 29, 1969, and by December 2022, there were 562 stores across Canada. Winnipeg, Manitoba holds the record for the highest number of Slurpee consumers worldwide, with over 1.5 million Slurpees sold since the first store opened on March 21, 1970. All Canadian locations are corporate-operated and offer free Slurpees on July 11 to celebrate "7-Eleven Day". Select stores feature gas stations from major providers like Shell Canada, Petro-Canada, or Esso. In November 2005, the company introduced its Speak Out Wireless cellphone service in Canada, which was later replaced by Scotiabank-operated ATMs in June 2012. After abandoning the Ottawa market in December 2009, Quickie Convenience Stores acquired the six outlets and allowed Speed2Out customers to transfer to the Good2Go mobile provider. The company also acquired 148 Imperial Oil-owned Esso gas stations in Alberta and British Columbia for \$2.8 billion in March 2016, converting most of them into 7-Eleven stores while maintaining their existing supply agreements with Esso. In Mexico, the first store opened in 1976 under the name Super 7, later rebranded as 7-Eleven in 1995, and now operates over 1,835 stores across the country, making it the second-largest convenience store chain after Oxxo and Circle K. The company adapts its storefront logo to match the architectural style of historic buildings or landmarks by using monochrome colors with gold or silver lettering. A Citgo with 7-Eleven switched to Marathon fuel sales in 2021 while keeping the partnership. The interior of a 7-Eleven store was ranked No. 11 in North American Food Retailers in 2007 based on estimated sales of \$15 billion. In 2005, 7-Eleven was the 24th largest retailer in the US with 8,144 units across the country. Franchise fees range from \$10,000 to \$1 million, and royalty rates vary. The company's headquarters is in Irving, Texas. On July 11, customers can get free small Slurpees on "7-Eleven Day". The holiday was first celebrated in 2008 when it was discovered by J. Brabank and C. Johnson. In 2020, the COVID-19 pandemic caused the cancellation of the event. 7-Eleven Stores in Oklahoma operated independently since 1953 under an agreement with the Brown family. These stores had slight differences from others, such as not selling Big Bite hot dogs or using a different loyalty program called "Text". In 2020, 7-Eleven acquired over 100 of these stores in the Oklahoma City area. The acquisition increased the total number of 7-Eleven stores to nearly 9,800. In 2021, 7-Eleven launched the "Take it to Eleven" ad campaign with a slogan inspired by the film This is Spinal Tap. By summer 2021, the company had installed only a few electric vehicle charging stations but plans to expand to 250 locations in the US and Canada by 2022. In mid-March 2023, 7-Eleven announced its new EV charging network and app called 7Charge, which allows users to find charger locations and pay for charging. The company has also acquired Skipcart, a same-day delivery platform, in August 2022. In early 2024, the CEO of Seven & I Holdings announced changes to the business model of US stores. The company is shifting its focus to fresh foods, replacing their reliance on gasoline and cigarettes. They are partnering with WarabeYa Niichiyu to create a US supply chain for higher-quality Western and Japanese food offerings in 7-Eleven stores. Isaka mentioned the company's goal of expanding its footprint and consolidating a larger share of the US convenience store market. The company plans to add hot and cold food options and a wider selection of baked goods at up to 1,600 Speedway and Stripes stores. In the US, many 7-Eleven locations used to have gasoline stations supplied by Citgo, which was purchased by Southland Corporation in 1983. Although Citgo sold 50% of its shares in 1986, it remained a major partner with 7-Eleven until 2012 when Chevron acquired some former TETCO convenience stores. Conoco is the largest 7-Eleven licensee in North America and currently supplies fuel to Exxon, Gulf, Marathon, BP, Sunoco, and other oil companies. In recent years, 7-Eleven has started offering its own branded fuel without a Big Oil label, similar to rival Circle K. In August 2020, Seven & I Holdings announced the acquisition of Speedway LLC for \$21 billion. The deal closed in May 2021, with 7-Eleven ordered to divest 293 stores across 20 states as part of the agreement. The company has been involved in various business ventures over the years, including operating convenience stores at gas stations operated by Petrobras Distribuidora. However, these partnerships have not led to further progress. The company also has a significant presence globally, with subsidiaries and partners in countries such as Japan, the United States, and others. There is no clear indication of what specific ventures or collaborations the company may be pursuing at present. (Note: I didn't include the extensive list of references, as they are not essential to the paraphrased text.) The history of 7-Eleven can be traced through various news articles and reports. In 1988, Circle K acquired 473 7-Eleven stores, and later that year, Southland Corp., the parent company of 7-Eleven, filed for bankruptcy. However, with the help of two Japanese firms, Southland was able to recover and eventually changed its name to 7-Eleven in 1999. In recent years, 7-Eleven has made efforts to go green, launching initiatives such as a "green" store in Florida. The company has also made significant investments, including the purchase of Speedway gas stations for \$21 billion in 2020. Additionally, 7-Eleven launched a new marketing campaign called "Take it to Eleven!" and invested \$70 million in a brand campaign. The company has also been involved in various business deals, including a potential buyout offer from the Canadian owner of Circle K. However, Seven & I Holdings, the parent company of 7-Eleven, rejected the offer as too low. 7-Eleven is known for its iconic products, such as Slurpee drinks and Big Gulp sodas. The company has also been involved in various controversies, including a ban on large sugary drinks proposed by the city of New York. Throughout its history, 7-Eleven has undergone significant changes and transformations, including leadership changes and business initiatives aimed at unlocking shareholder value. Today, the company remains a major player in the convenience store industry, with a presence in multiple countries around the world. The article appears to be a collection of news articles and press releases about 7-Eleven, a convenience store chain, covering various events, developments, and milestones from 1981 to 2021. Some key points mentioned in the articles include:
* The opening of 7-Eleven's first stores in Hong Kong in 1981
* The company's expansion into new markets, including China, where it aims to open 300 stores by a certain date
* The introduction of cashless store tests at 7-Eleven's headquarters in North Texas
* The company's efforts to control portion sizes with its "Big Gulp" beverage, which was reduced from double the standard size to a smaller size to reduce waste and promote sustainability
* The opening of 7-Eleven's first stores in Cambodia and India, marking the company's entry into new international markets
* The company's history and ownership changes, including the involvement of Jardines Matheson and Dairy Farm Holdings
Overall, the article provides a snapshot of 7-Eleven's growth, innovation, and expansion over several decades. 7-Eleven, Inc. has partnered with PT. Modern Putra Indonesia to open master franchise stores for the convenience store chain in Indonesia. The partnership was announced on April 6, 2009. Since then, 7-Eleven has expanded its presence globally, opening new locations in countries such as Israel and Laos. However, not all of these expansions were successful, with some stores being closed due to various reasons. Today, 7-Eleven operates in many countries around the world, including Japan, Malaysia, and the Philippines. The company has also invested in innovative technologies, such as mobile payment services and ATMs that allow customers to withdraw cash in Japanese yen. In recent years, 7-Eleven has continued to expand its reach, with plans to enter new markets and open new stores. Despite facing challenges, the company remains committed to providing convenient and reliable services to its customers worldwide. 7-Eleven has been operating in various countries for decades, including Singapore, Taiwan, and the Philippines. In 1983, the first 7-Eleven store opened in Singapore. The convenience store chain has continued to expand globally, reaching 4,000 stores in the Philippines alone. Over the years, 7-Eleven has partnered with other companies, such as Shell, but also ended partnerships due to disagreements over business strategies. In recent years, the company has been actively recruiting North Korean defectors to work at its stores. In Taiwan, 7-Eleven was introduced in the 1980s and quickly gained popularity for its convenience and variety of products. The chain has continued to innovate, introducing unmanned stores and selling freshly-baked Domino's Pizza. Despite its global success, 7-Eleven has faced criticism from Twitter users who have boycotted the brand due to concerns over labor practices and environmental impact. The company has also made efforts to promote sustainability and social responsibility. In addition to its retail operations, 7-Eleven is part of a larger conglomerate called CP All, which operates a range of businesses including convenience stores, supermarkets, and logistics services. In January 2018, 7-Eleven was reported to be on track to surpass 11,000 stores worldwide by the end of that year. The company had plans to expand its presence in Thailand, where it faced competition from FamilyMart. In response to growing concerns about plastic waste, 7-Eleven announced plans to reduce its use of single-use plastic bags. However, despite these efforts, many countries failed to follow through on their plans to ban or restrict the sale of plastic bags by 2020. In Thailand, for example, the government had initially set a deadline of 2020, but it was later extended indefinitely. 7-Eleven also expanded its operations globally, opening stores in new markets such as Dubai and Australia. However, the company faced criticism over its treatment of employees, with reports of wage theft and exploitation emerging in several countries. In recent years, there have been investigations into 7-Eleven's labor practices, including a major scandal involving cashback scams and wage theft. The company has also faced challenges from journalists and advocacy groups who have highlighted the need for better working conditions and fair pay for its employees. In October 2015, Russell Withers and Warren Wilmot resigned as chairman and CEO of 7-Eleven Australia, respectively. The move came after allegations of bullying and a class action lawsuit filed by disaffected franchisees. As part of the settlement, 7-Eleven offered \$25 million in back pay to affected employees. In April 2022, it was announced that 7-Eleven would pay an additional \$98 million to settle a class action lawsuit from its franchisees. However, some reports have raised concerns about the company's handling of the situation and the accuracy of its statements. 7-Eleven has also faced controversy over its involvement in the sale of cigarettes and other products. In recent years, the company has expanded into new markets, including Denmark and Turkey, but it has not returned to the UK market as previously planned. The company's global reach extends to Canada, where all locations are listed on its website. Additionally, 7-Eleven offers convenient services such as money orders, bill payments, and lottery tickets at its stores. It's worth noting that some of the information in this text may be outdated or no longer accurate due to changes in the company's operations or management structure. 7-Eleven has made various significant moves and announcements in recent years. In 2009, the company exited the Ottawa market by selling its locations to Quickie C-stores. In 2016, 7-Eleven acquired Esso stations as part of a \$2.8-billion deal, allowing it to expand its presence in Canada. The company has also undergone various acquisitions and expansions, including purchasing stores in Oklahoma and launching new initiatives such as the "Take it to Eleven!" campaign. In addition, 7-Eleven has focused on innovation and growth through investments in technology and sustainability. In 2020, the company acquired Skipcart, a delivery service, and announced plans to launch its own electric vehicle (EV) fast-charging network, 7Charge, which aims to be one of the largest in North America. The company continues to evolve and expand, with recent announcements including the development of a \$41.5M loan for its new corporate headquarters campus and the acquisition of delivery services. 7-Eleven, a multinational convenience store chain, has been expanding its operations and upgrading its stores. The company's CEO has announced plans to introduce Japan-style 7-Elevens in America, which will feature an improved menu. Additionally, 7-Eleven has been acquiring Speedway gas stations from Marathon Petroleum for \$21 billion. However, the deal was later reversed due to regulatory issues. The article links various places, people, and items, including Olympic games, a Pennsylvania Turnpike, and a supermarket chain called Tesco. However, the majority of the text is about Slushi Ninja slushie machine recipes. It provides instructions on how to make 15 different types of frozen drinks using the machine, such as cola slushies, lemon slushies, and iced coffees. The article also includes a recipe for a chocolate smoothie and tips on how to calculate the right amount of liquid to add to the machine. Some of the key points from the article include:
* The Slushi Ninja machine is easy to use and can turn drinks into slushies in just a few minutes.
* The machine can be used to make frozen fruit juices, soft drinks, and coffees.
* The article provides 15 different recipes for making slushies with the machine, including cola, lemon, and orange flavors.
* One of the recipes includes whole milk, double cream, black coffee, and icing sugar to make a chocolate smoothie.
* The article also includes tips on how to calculate the right amount of liquid to add to the machine.
* The article includes links to videos that show the machine in action, which can be helpful for those who are new to using a slushie machine.
Given article text here
TIPS
The default settings are fine but you can customize your slushy to taste. Use the temperature control to adjust the texture.
Make it fresh:* Juice from 3-4 lemons mixed with water and sugar will do the trick.
Lemonade * Cold lemonade (1400ml) * 80-100g of sugar (adjust to taste)
* Strain the drink through a sieve. Pour into the Slushi and select frozen juice.
* Serve immediately, garnished with a slice of lemon on the glass rim.
**# Lemon & Orange Slush * 1L sweetened lemonade * 500ml strained orange juice (optional)
* Add sugar to taste
* Blend both juices in the Slushi and select slush. BEEP three times when ready. Tastes. Serve immediately, whipped cream, strawberry syrup if desired.
SUGGESTIONS: Use condensed milk for sweetness and flavour. For serving, garnish with strawberry syrup, salted caramel, chocolate sprinkles, sponge finger or cake piece. Pure heaven!
Pineapple Slush INGREDIENTS: 1200 ml pineapple juice (store-bought or homemade recipe).
INSTRUCTIONS: Pour juice into the Slushi container, select FROZEN JUICE programme. Serve immediately - super refreshing drink!
Iced Chocolate Milk Drink (Cola Cao Slush) INGREDIENTS: 125 g cocoa powder, 1200 ml whole milk, 250 ml double cream. NOTE: No added sugar needed as cocoa is sweetened.
INSTRUCTIONS: Whisk all ingredients until combined and cocoa dissolved. Pour into the Slushi Ninja, select MILKSHAKE programme. Serve immediately - top with whipped cream, chocolate syrup or marshmallows for kids.
Iced Coffee Milkshake INGREDIENTS: 1 litre whole milk, 500 ml double cream, 10 ml vanilla extract, 70 g white sugar, 60 ml black coffee* (or instant). NOTE: Substitute 60 ml with instant by mixing 1-2 teaspoons with hot water and letting it cool.
INSTRUCTIONS: Whisk all ingredients until fully blended and dissolved. Pour into the Slushi Ninja, select MILKSHAKE programme. Serve immediately - top with whipped cream if desired.
Piña Colada Slush (alcoholic recipe) INGREDIENTS: 1200 ml piña colada mix, 250 ml coconut rum. NOTE: Find mix in cocktail section or make at home by mixing pineapple juice, coconut cream and sugar.
INSTRUCTIONS: Pour both liquids into the Slushi container, select FROZEN COCKTAIL option. Serve immediately - decorate as desired.
Kombucha Slush INGREDIENTS: As many cups of kombucha as desired.
INSTRUCTIONS: Pour kombucha into the Slushi container, select SLUSH programme. Serve in glasses with a straw.
SUGGESTION: Add sugar to low-sugar kombucha and stir before serving.
300ml oat milk, 1L cold Americano coffee, 40ml plant-based cream, 120ml caramel syrup, 20ml vanilla syrup or 1 tsp vanilla extract, 1 tsp sugar. Mix until combined and caramel dissolved. Pour into Slushi container. Select FRAPPE programme. Increase temperature to 3 bars for better texture. Serve immediately.
300ml whole milk, 500ml double cream (min 35% fat), 10ml vanilla extract, 50g sugar, 120ml caramel syrup. Whisk until sugar and syrup dissolved. Pour into Slushi, select MILKSHAKE programme. Serve immediately with whipped cream if desired.
400g chopped strawberries, 150g icing sugar, 1000ml chilled rosé wine. Mix strawberries and sugar in bowl. Let rest for at least an hour. Add rosé wine, blend until smooth. Strain through fine sieve to remove seeds. Pour into Slushi, select FROZEN COCKTAIL programme. Serve immediately. Note: The drinks must be completely liquid (for juices or smoothies, make sure they're properly strained and have a fluid texture). They must contain at least 5g of sugar per 100ml. For alcoholic beverages, all ingredients combined should contain between 2.8% and 16% alcohol.

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